

Linear Equations 1

Terms to Know

equation - a math statement with two expressions that have the same value
- the two expressions are separated by an equal sign

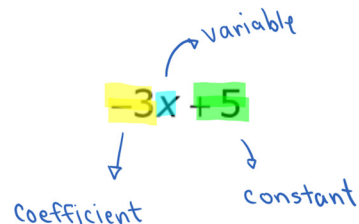
ex) $4 = x + 2$, $3x - 1 = 5$, $-6x = 24$

variable - a letter that represents an unknown number

ex) x , y , a , b etc.

constant - a number that does not change

ex) -5 , 3 , 2.6 etc.



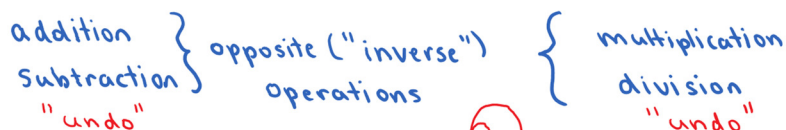
coefficient - a number that multiplies the variable

ex) $2x$, $-15y^2$

linear equation - an equation whose graph is a straight line

ex) $2x = 4$, $-3y = 9$, $\frac{x}{3} = 12$, $2x + 1 = 5$, $3(x - 2) = 7$

opposite operation - math operation that undoes another operation
- aka **inverse operation**



distributive property - the rule that states $a(b+c) = ab + ac$

ex) $3(2+9)$
 $3 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 9$
 $6 + 27$
 33

$ab + ac$

Example - Solving One-Step Equations

Solve each of the following:

Isolate the variable (get it by itself)
by applying the opposite operation.
"undo" operation

$$\frac{6}{6} = 1$$

$$\text{a) } \frac{6x}{6} = \frac{12}{6}$$

$$x = 2$$

Check/Verify

$$6x = 12$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$6 \cdot 2 = 12$$

$$\underline{12 = 12} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{b) } \frac{-5b}{-5} = \frac{-45}{-5}$$

$$b = 9$$

$$\text{c) } \frac{n}{3} = 7 \cdot 3$$

$$n = 21$$

Check/Verify

$$\frac{n}{3} = 7$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\frac{21}{3} = 7$$

$$7 = 7 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{d) } \frac{w}{-2} = 9 \cdot -2$$

$$w = -18$$

“ ” “ ” “ ”



Complete the following:

Practice - Linear Equations 1A (evens)**Practice - Linear Equations 1B (evens)**

Check your solutions using the key provided.

Outcomes:

PR2 - Model and solve problems involving linear equations